

nerve function

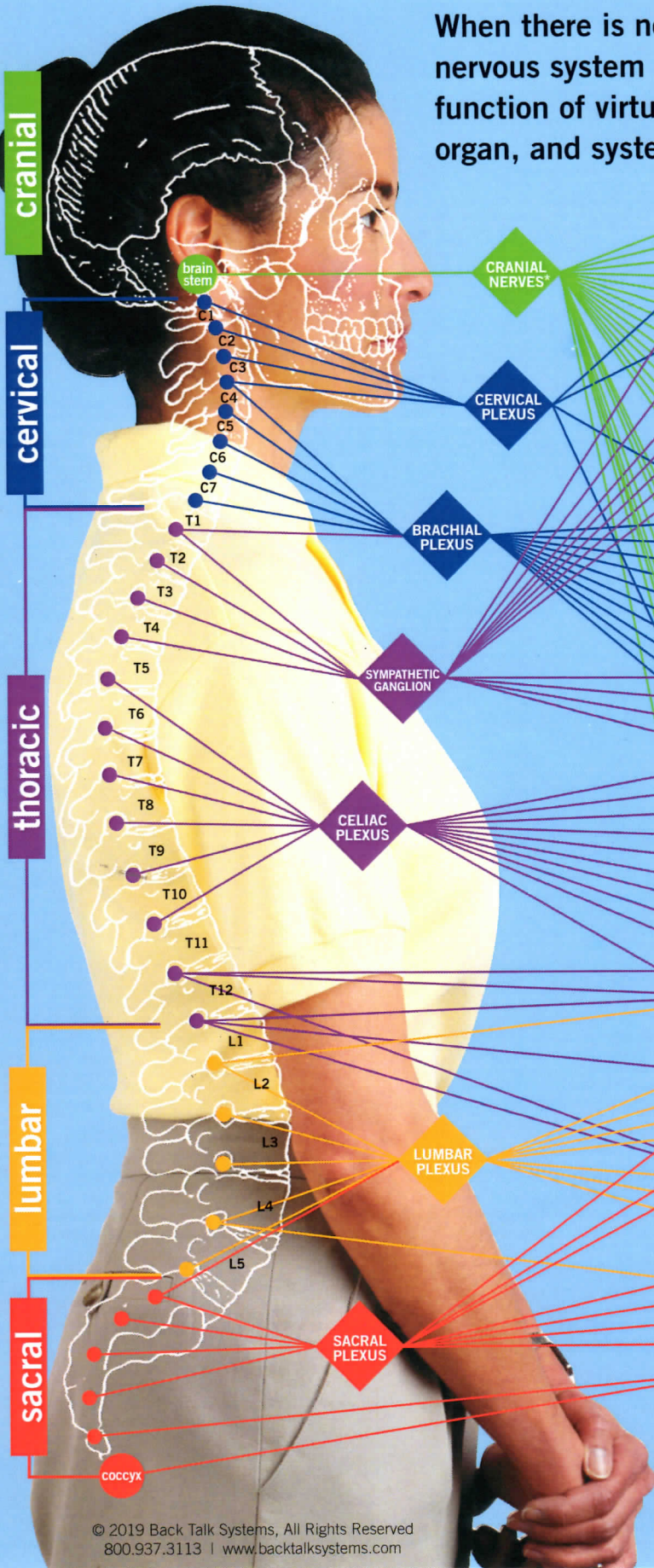
Many things can impair your nervous system and interfere with its function.

When there is no interference, your nervous system controls the healthy function of virtually every cell, tissue, organ, and system of your body.

CRANIAL INVOLVEMENT
CERVICAL INVOLVEMENT
THORACIC INVOLVEMENT
LUMBAR INVOLVEMENT
SACRAL INVOLVEMENT

The effects of nervous system dysfunction can be caused by several areas of the spine.

Do you know anyone experiencing...



- blood supply to the head
 - scalp
 - bones of the face
 - brain
 - base of skull (occiput)
 - eyes
 - ears/eustachian tubes
 - nose
 - sinuses/forehead
 - mouth/tongue
 - vocal chords
 - tonsils
 - neck muscles
 - shoulders
 - elbows
 - arms/forearms
 - wrists
 - hands/fingers
 - esophagus
 - heart/coronary arteries
 - bronchial tubes/lungs
 - chest/breast
 - gallbladder
 - liver
 - diaphragm
 - stomach
 - pancreas
 - spleen
 - kidneys
 - small intestines
 - uterus
 - appendix
 - large intestines
 - buttocks
 - groin
 - reproductive organs
 - bladder
 - colon
 - upper legs/thighs
 - knees
 - prostate gland
 - sciatic nerve
 - lower legs
 - ankles, feet, arches, toes
 - rectum
- Headaches
 - Migraine headaches
 - Dizziness
 - Fatigue
 - Head colds
 - Vision problems
 - Hearing problems
 - Sinus problems
 - Common cold
 - Allergies
 - Runny nose
 - Sore throat
 - Tonsillitis
 - Hoarseness
 - Laryngitis
 - Stiff neck
 - Cough
 - Croup
 - Pain in upper arm
 - Tennis elbow
 - Wrist, hand, and finger numbness
 - Wrist, hand, and finger pain
 - Shortness of breath
 - Difficulty in breathing
 - Asthma
 - Heart conditions
 - Chest pains
 - Bronchitis
 - Pneumonia, congestion
 - Gallbladder conditions
 - Hiatal hernia
 - Blood pressure problems
 - Liver conditions
 - Jaundice
 - Skin conditions, acne, pimples
 - Stomach troubles
 - Indigestion
 - Heartburn
 - Gastritis
 - Ulcers
 - Blood sugar problems
 - Kidney conditions
 - Gas pains
 - Chronic tiredness
 - Irritable bowel
 - Constipation, diarrhea
 - Hernias
 - Sterility, bladder problems
 - Menstrual problems, cramps
 - Bed wetting
 - Knee pains
 - Sciatica
 - Low back pain
 - Difficult or painful urination
 - Numbness, poor circulation in legs
 - Shin splints
 - Swollen ankles, weak arches
 - Leg cramps, cold feet
 - Sacroiliac problems
 - Hemorrhoids
 - Pain at end of spine

PLEXUS Plexus and Ganglion serve as "junction boxes" to collect and distribute nerve impulses from the central nervous system.

* The cranial nerves are part of the brain stem, which extends down into the cervical spine.

Due to the complexity of the nervous system only the most basic anatomical and physiological relationships are shown.

REFERENCES:
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